

DROP
Version 2.00
Updated February 29, 2016

1 Overview

NASDAQ accepts limit orders from subscribers and executes matching orders when possible. Non-matching orders may be added to the NASDAQ Book, a database of available limit orders, where they wait to be matched in price-time priority.

DROP is a protocol that delivers real-time information about activity that takes place on the NASDAQ.

Each DROP account is configured to transmit information concerning orders entered by one or more NASDAQ subscriber firms. DROP is typically used by clearing firms to track the activity of their correspondents, or by larger firms to monitor the activity of multiple NASDAQ access points for risk management purposes.

Each DROP host can be configured to send a message anytime an order is entered, canceled, executed, or broken – or any combination of these events.

DROP does not provide the ability to enter orders into NASDAQ.

1.1 Architecture

DROP is a very simple protocol that is based on CR/LF terminated lines.

To begin a session, the client connects to the specified host and port using a standard TCP/IP socket.

Once the socket connection has been established, the client sends the assigned password followed by a CR/LF or just a CR.

The host authenticates the password begins sending the activity messages to the client as a series of fixed length, comma delimited lines. Each line represents a single event and is terminated with an ASCII CR/LF pair.

Upon receiving a valid login, the DROP host will send any previously generated messages as quickly as possible. Once it has sent all pending events the connection will remain open but idle until the next matching event occurs. As soon as a new event occurs, the corresponding message is sent as quickly as possible. If the client is not able to read messages as quickly as they occur, they are automatically queued and delivered in sequence as quickly as possible.

The end of the trading day is marked by the transmission of an empty line consisting of just

a CR/LF pair.

If the client wishes to log out at any time, it sends an empty line consisting of a CR/LF pair or just an LF. The host will then close the TCP/IP socket and begin waiting for a new connection.

The protocol was designed to be simple enough that it could easily be used manually with a standard Telnet client. Using a Telnet client, a user can log into a DROP port, download messages, log out, and then directly import the downloaded messages into a spreadsheet or database application.

1.2 Data Types

Numeric fields are a string of ASCII coded digits, right justified and space filled on the left.

Alpha fields are left justified and padded on the right with spaces.

Prices are given in decimal format with 6 whole number places followed by a decimal point and 4 decimal digits. The whole number portion is padded on the left with spaces; the decimal portion is padded on the right with zeros.

Timestamps are numeric given in seconds past midnight Eastern Time.

1.3 Fault Redundancy

Multiple DROP hosts can be configured to send information on an identical set of events and matching firms and ports, making it possible to create mirrored DROP hosts for purposes of fault redundancy.

For maximum redundancy, the mirrored machines should be located at geographically diverse data centers with communications carrier access diversity. The two lines could also terminate at different subscriber locations on distinct computing platforms.

1.4 Service Bureau Configuration

A single DROP host can deliver information for one or more firms, allowing a service bureau configuration. In this case, the DROP account must be authorized by each desired firm using a DROP Port Authorization Form.

1.5 Trade Message Line Format

Once logged in, the client will receive a series of message lines from the host in real time. Each message line is fixed format, comma delimited, and CR/LF terminated ASCII text.

Name	Offset	Len	Type	Sample	Notes
Time Stamp	0	9	Timestamp	34293.104	The time the event occurred on INET to the nearest millisecond.
Type	10	1	Type	'E'	"A"=New order accepted, "E"=Existing order executed,

					"X"=Existing order canceled, "B"=Previous execution broken. "Y"=Existing Order cancelled (AIQ)
Source	12	6	Alphanum	ABCD01	The source of the order. Typically the account of the OUCH port used to enter the order, but can also have the special values of "\$PHON " for orders received via NASDAQ's phone desk.
User	19	4	Alphanum	(arbitrary)	The free form User field as specified by the order entry firm when the order was entered into INET.
Token	24	10	Alphanum	(arbitrary)	The free form Token field as specified by the order entry firm when the order was entered into NASDAQ.
Buy/Sell	35	1	Alpha	B	The side of the trade executed. B=Bought, S=Sold, T=Sold Short, E=Sold Short
Shares	37	6	Numeric	10000	For a new order accept, the total number of shares entered. For an existing order cancel, the incremental number of shares canceled. Note that an order can be partially canceled and still have open shares. For an existing order execute, the incremental number of shares executed in this trade. Note that a single order can result in multiple executions. For a broken execution, the number of shares in the previously transmitted execution.
Stock	44	6	Alpha	INTC	The stock symbol

Price	51	11	Numeric with 4 decimal places	12.8750	For a new order accepted, the limit price of the order. For an execution, the execution price. For a cancel, the limit price of the open order.
Firm	63	4	Alpha	BIGJ	The order entry firm.
Reference	68	9	Numeric	836455	The order unique reference number assigned by NASDAQ to this order.
Match/ Time in Force	78	9	Numeric	122853	The match number assigned by NASDAQ to this trade. Each match consists of an execution between a buy order and a sell order and will be represented on executions and breaks. For other messages, this field will represent Time in Force (TIF).
Liquidity Code / Cancel Reason	88	1	Alpha	R	For execution messages, this field will represent the liquidity code value: A=Added R=Removed X=Routed D=DOT F = Opening Trade (on NYSE) G = On-Close order (on NYSE) O=Opening Cross M=Opening Cross (imbalance-only) C=Closing Cross L=Closing Cross (imbalance-only) H=Halt/IPO Cross K=Halt Cross J = Non-displayed addingliquidity Y = Re-Routed by NYSE S = Odd Lot Execution (on NYSE) U = Added Liquidity (On NYSE) B = Routed to BX

					<p> E = NYSE Other P = Routed to PSX T = Opening Trade (on ARCA) Z = On-Close order (on ARCA) W = Added post-only (not currently available) m = Removed liquidity at a midpoint k = Added liquidity via a midpoint order 0 = Supplemental order execution 7 = Displayed, liquidity-adding order improves the NBBO 8 = Displayed, liquidity-adding order sets the QBBO while joining the NBBO d = Retail designated execution that removed liquidity (not currently available) e = Retail designated execution that added displayed liquidity f = Retail designated execution that added non-displayed liquidity (not currently available) j = RPI order that provides liquidity r = Retail order that removes RPI liquidity t = Retail order that removes price improving non-displayed liquidity other than RPI liquidity 4 = Added displayed liquidity in a Group A symbol 5 = Added non-displayed liquidity in a Group A symbol 6 = Liquidity Removing Order in a Group A symbol g = Added non-displayed midpoint liquidity in a Group A </p>
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					<p>symbol</p> <p>a = Added displayed liquidity in a SCIP Symbol</p> <p>x = Displayed, liquidity-adding order improves the NBBO in a SCIP Symbol</p> <p>y = Displayed, liquidity-adding order set the QBBO while joining the NBBO in a SCIP Symbol</p> <p>b = Displayed, liquidity-adding order improves the NBBO in pilot symbol during specified LULD Pricing Pilot timeframe</p> <p>c = Added displayed liquidity in a pilot symbol during specified LULD Pricing Pilot timeframe</p> <p>h =Removed liquidity in a pilot symbol during specified LULD Pricing Pilot timeframe</p> <p>N = Halt Cross, orders entered in pilot symbols during the LULD Trading Pause</p> <p>For cancel messages, this field will represent the cancel reason value:</p> <p>U = User cancel</p> <p>I = IOC cancel</p> <p>T = Timeout</p> <p>S = Supervisory cancel</p> <p>D = Regulatory cancel</p> <p>Q = Self Match Prevention</p> <p>Z = System cancel</p> <p>C = Cross cancel</p>
Clearing Code	90	1	Alpha	A	The clearing path this trade will take. Q=QSR

2 Support

If you have any questions or comment about this specification, just E-mail to tradingservices@nasdaqomx.com. We also welcome any suggestions for new features or improvements.

3 Revision History

Version	Date	Revision
1.0	01/26/2000	Initial dissemination to a select few developers.
1.0	05/08/2000	Published in draft form.
2.0	02/12/2002	Added the ability to see all event types rather than just executions. Reduced share field to 6 digits. Reduced price field to 11 digits, with 4 decimal places.
2.0	07/24/2006	Changed "Billing Code" to "Liquidity Code" Revised list of Liquidity Codes
2.0	10/10/2007	Revised Buy/Sell field for short sell exempt changes
2.0	12/20/2007	Added liquidity code values "F" and "G" Added Liquidity code value "J"
2.0	11/29/2011	Added liquidity code values (all values after "J" in the specs) Added TIF to the Match field for new order and cancelled order messages
2.0	04/19/2012	Added liquidity code values "k", "m", "O"
2.0	07/18/2012	Added cancel reason to the liquidity code field for cancelled order messages
2.0	08/28/2012	Added message type value "Y"
2.0	10/23/2012	Added liquidity code values "7", "8"
2.0	01/10/2013	Added liquidity code values "d", "e", "f"
2.0	01/28/2013	Added liquidity code values "6"
2.0	01/15/2015	Added Liquidity flag values "j", "r", "t", "4", "5", "g"
2.0	01/11/2016	Revised description of Liquidity flag values "4", "5", "6", "g" Added Liquidity flag values "a", "x", "y"
2.0	02/29/2016	Added Liquidity flag values "b", "c", "h", "N" Revised description of Liquidity flag values "a", "x", "y"